

Readiness Assessment (MRA) in Kratie and Tboung Khmum to provide Minimum Initial Service Package (MISP) for Sexual and Reproductive Health (SRH) during disasters

29 April 2025, Sokha Phnom Penh Hotel

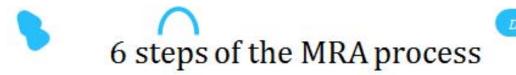
Dr. Im Sophea, Vice Chief, Bureau of Disaster and Environmental Health Management, Preventive Medicine Department, MOH





2020-2024

Steps of the MISP Readiness Assessmen t (MRA) process



Step 1 and 2:

 (a) Identify the lead agency/agencies and key partners; (b) prepare the MRA supporting documents

Step 3:

Complete the MRA questionnaire: multi-sectoralworkshop and FGD or ask partners and validation meeting

Step 5 and 6 (a) Develop the Action

plan and (b) plan the follow up

Step 4:

Analyse the MRA questionnaire results and prioritize the gaps to address ផលប៉ះពាល់នៃកង្វះសេវាសុខភាពបន្តពូជក្នុង អំឡុងពេលគ្រោះមហន្តរាយ និងគ្រោះអាសន្ន

- ការកើនឡើងនៃអំពើហិង្សា
- កង្វះការឆ្លើយតបទៅនឹងសេវាសុខភាពបន្តពូជ
- ការប្រឈមខ្ពស់នឹងការឆ្លងជំងឺកាមរោគ និងមេ
 រោគអេដស៍
- កើនឡើងការមានកូនមិនបានគ្រោងទុក ការ
 រំលូតមិនសុវត្ថភាព ការស្លាប់របស់មាតានិងទារក
- កង្វះអាហារូបបត្ថម្ភ និងការឆ្លងរោគរាតត្បាត



Objectives

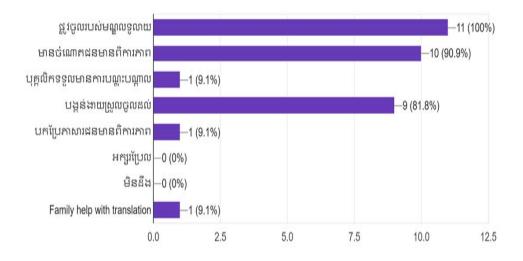
- Assess current SRH readiness and capacity at all levels (national, sub-national, and local) to implement the MISP, which help to identify strength and areas in need of development for MISP service provision
- Identify the most marginalized and underserved groups who are displaced and negatively affected by the climate-related hazards and their challenges to access essential SRH in emergencies and disasters
- Support national and subnational stakeholders to help them better prevent new disaster risk, prepare and plan for SRH in emergencies, and design inclusive

Finding 1:Concerns during floods

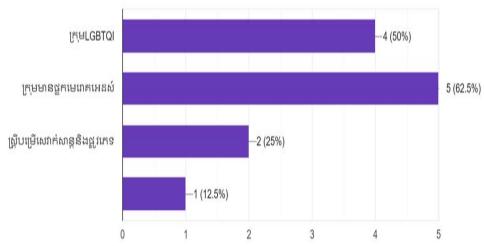
The correspondents reported some major concern during floods: sick newborn, labour and birth, hypertension, dengue fever, snake bite, drown, clean water, transportation, food, and income loss.

Finding 2: - Under-served groups

B3- កើមណ្ឌលនេះផ្តល់សេវាសម្រាប់អតិថិជនមានពិការភាពដូចម្តេច? 11 responses

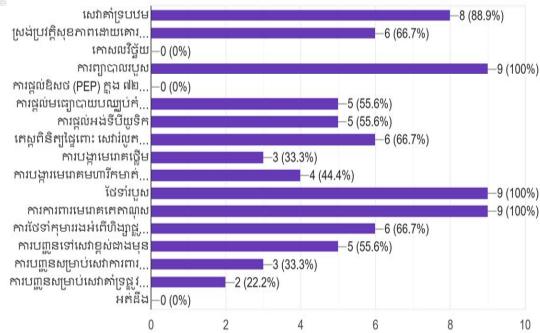


B4- កើក្រុមងាយរងគ្រោះណាផ្សេងទៀក ជួបបញ្ហាប្រឈមក្នុងការទទួលសេវា? 8 responses



Finding 3: GBV

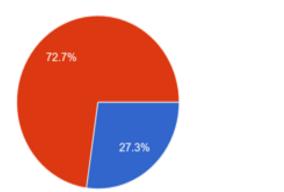
D3- ប្រសិនបើមាន កើសេវាណាមួយបានផ្តល់ដោយមណ្ឌល? 9 responses



តើមណ្ឌលបានបញ្ចូនជនរងគ្រោះដោយអំពើហិង្សាផ្លូវភេទទៅសេវា ផ្សេងទៀត ដូចជា មណ្ឌល ការពារ ប្រឹក្សាផ្លូវចិត្ត ផ្លូវច្បាប់ និងសង្គម ឬទេ? <u>បើមានករណីអំពើហិង្សាផ្លូវភេទ</u>

Yes

No

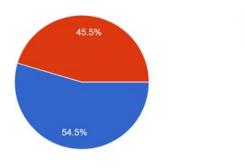


Finding 4: HIV & other STIs

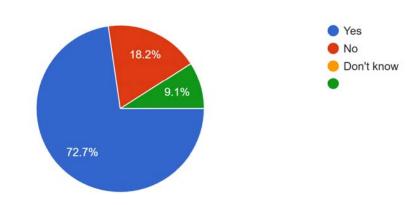
Yes

No

E6- តើមណ្ឌលមានឱសថ co-trimoxazole សម្រាប់ព្យាលបាលអ្នកដម្ងីមាន HIV ឬទេ ? ^{11 responses}

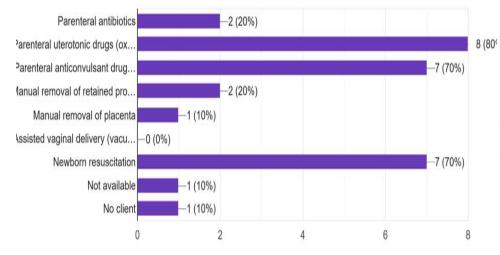


E10- តើមណ្ឌលមានឱសថគ្រប់គ្រាន់សម្រាប់ព្យាបាលដំងីកាមរោគឬទេ? 11 responses



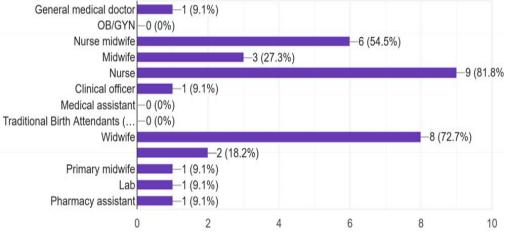
Finding 5: Maternal and Child Health

F4- កើមណ្ឌលមានសេវាសង្គ្រោះបន្ទាន់សម្ភព និងទារកទើបកើត (BmONC)អ្វីខ្លះ? 10 responses

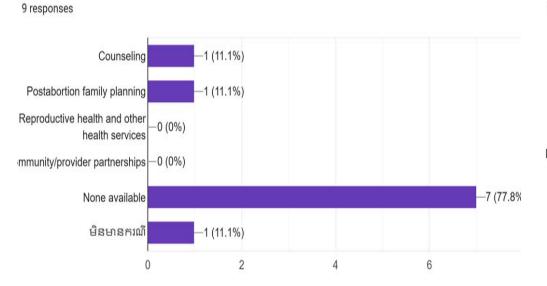


F3- សូមបញ្ជាក់ប្រភេទនៃបុគ្គលិកសម្រាល

11 responses

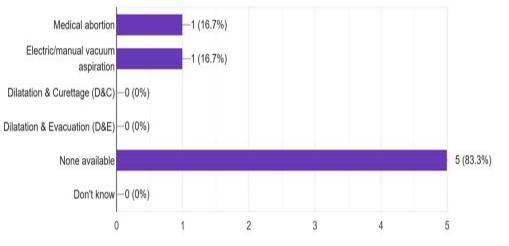


Finding 6: Safe abortion Care

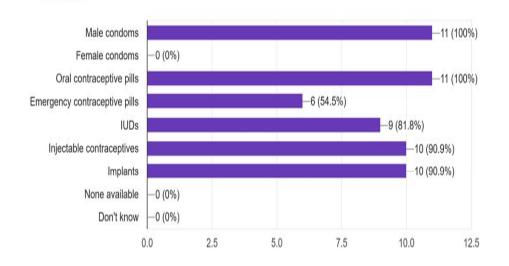


F16- តើមណ្ឌលមានសេវាថែទាំក្រោយរលូតអ៊ីខ្លះ?

F17- តើការថែទាំក្រោយរំលូតប្រើប្រាស់មធ្យោបាយអ្វីខ្លះ? 6 responses



Finding 7: Family Planning/Birth Spacing

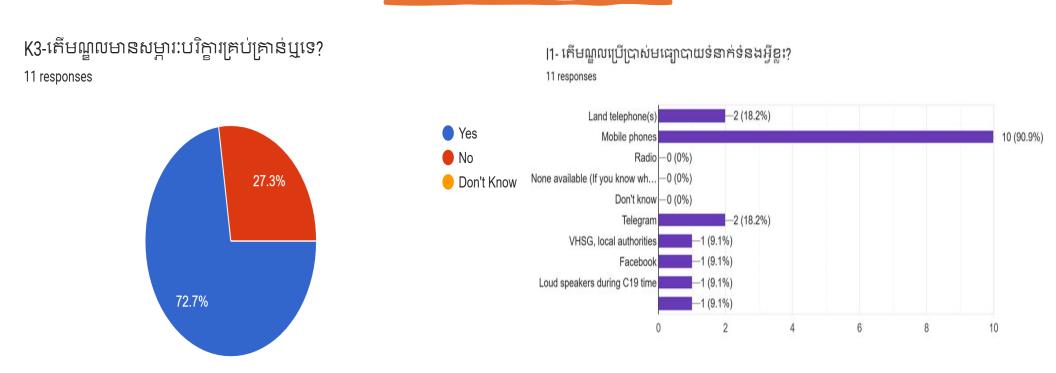


G1- កើមណូលមានសេវាពន្យាកំណើតអ៊ីខ្លះ?

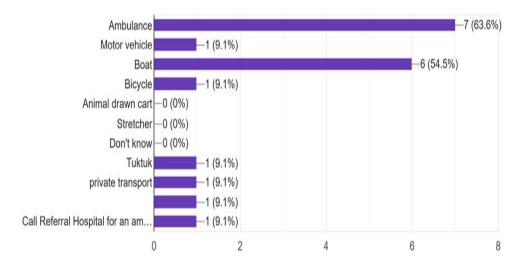
11 responses

- Awareness of contraceptives was found high among the women.
- VHSGs and CBDs were found active in the communities, useful to promote community awareness and connecting women with

Finding 8: Supplies, transportation & Communication



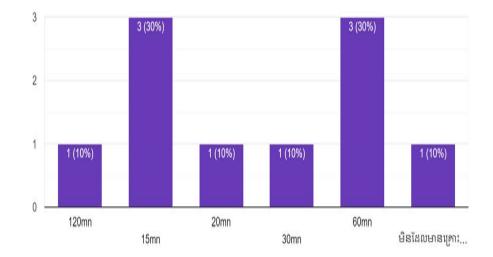
Finding 9: Supplies, transportation & Communication



l4- កើមធ្យោបាយបញ្ញនប្រភេទណាប្រើប្រាស់ក្នុងករណីសង្គ្រោះបន្ទាន់?

11 responses

F7- កើប្រើប្រាស់រយ:ពេលប់ន្មានក្នុងការបញ្ឈនពីមណ្ឌលសុខភាព ឬទីទួលសុវត្ថិភាព ទៅមន្ទីរពេទ្យ? 10 responses



Contributing determinants during disasters

- Electricity is often reported cut during either rainy (April) or dry season.
- Limited space for safety hill including restroom for woman while most of community stayed at home during the flood.
- Small number of health centre staff are reported of delaying in service provision and unfriendly behaviour such as women and adolescent fear of being blamed for seeking healthcare lately
- Delay of ambulance which takes at least an hour from the referral hospital to health centre and one reported lack of a driver.
- Some village reported **boat fees for transportation during flood**.

Recommendations

Service

- Service and IEC: outreach service and community awareness, timely and friendly service – ANC, Labour/birth FP, PNC
- Medicine: EC and PEP at health centre
- **Safety:** Life jacket, safety hill with privacy room for health service ANC
- Training: GBV survivors, adolescent friendly service, PPH, abortion service, first aid or life-saving, newborn resuscitation, IUD, STI and supplies management

Policy

- **Human resources:** More nurses and midwives gender balance, including review of current staff for upgrading
- Budget: Outreach activities, service at woman's household or safety hill, voucher for GBV survivors.
- Governance and supervision from OD, PHD and national level
- Establish accurately estimated emergency reserves of SRH commodities for the implementation of the MISP by including them in the health sector's emergency reserve list.
- Policy Integrate emergency-specific SRH data (MISP-SRH) into the health management information system.

Conclusion

- The MRA found the health sector has several strengths in health preparedness and response including disaster management and coordination structure, national financing of healthcare for affected populations, the existence of a broad range of healthcare facilities, health professionals (nurses and midwives), and other actors in the subnational level, including community actors.
- Despite this, gaps and needs were identified

Thank you very much

Health Facilities Assessed

Province	Health Centres	Communities	Timeline
Kratie	 Bos Leave Health Centre Da Health Centre Chroy Banteay HC Ta Mao HC Snoul HC Kbal Trach HC Ksum HC Group Interview (5): Health Centre Chief, midwife and nurse	 Prek Kov Village Mareum Village Chroy Banteay Village Chroy Banteay Leu Village Prek Svay Village Cheung Village Cheung Village Ang Chhanh Village FGD (5): adolescent, pregnant woman, woman after birth, elderly, village volunteer	19-23 August 2024
Tboung Khmum	 Toul Snuol Health Centre Chiro 1 Health Centre Koh Pi Health Centre 		26-30 August 2024

MRA Assessment Team

Preventive Medicine Department, MOH

- 1. Dr. Leak Muy Seang, Deputy Director, PMD
- 2. Dr. Chin Samath, PMD
- 3. Dr. Im Sophea, Vice Chief, Bureau of Disaster and Environmental Health Management, PMD
- 4. Mr. Nov Molyka, officer, Bureau of Disaster and Environmental Health Management, PMD

UNFPA

- 1. Pros Nguon, SRHR/Midwifery Analyst, UNFPA
- 2. Lim Saky, MEL Analyst, UNFPA
- 3. Suzana Surinchan, Communication and Partnership Specialist, UNFPA

In partnership with PHD and ODs, Kratie and Tboung Khmum